

Sprowston Infant School Complex Autism Base

Curriculum Document

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

Intent: What outcomes do we want the pupils to achieve by the end of this curriculum stage?	Implementation: What opportunities and provision will we provide in order to achieve this?
Explore curriculum (linked to branches 1-4) By the end of this curriculum pathway, pupils will be able to	 Key Strategies and types of resources: Specialist equipment for feeding and dressing (wide-handled spoons, adapted cups etc).
Self Care & Independence: Pupils will be able to use some pre-intentional communication (crying, pulling at nappy) in order to have their needs met. Pupils will show engagement in personal care and feeding tasks, by being more active in the process (pulling off hat, grasping their spoon or holding a cup).	 Consistent use of touch cues or objects of reference before self-care tasks, in order for pupils to anticipate the process. Backward chaining; adults to scaffold support to allow pupils to complete the final step of the task independently (pulling trousers up/down, pushing arms fully through sleeves). PD sessions: opportunities to participate in dressing (removal of shoes and socks, changing into PE kit). Snack and dinner time: opportunities for pupils to make choices and be active in the feeding process with the use of backward chaining and specialist equipment. Dinner trolley: opportunities for children to engage in the feeding process to a level appropriate to their ability (choosing dinner at the trolley, self-feeding with some physical support).

	 Edible messy play including different tastes and scents to be available in class-based play to encourage interest in food and safe tasting as per mealtime plan. Sensory eating group: opportunities for children with limited diets to explore different foods in a low pressure, play-based environment. Community/Specialist provision: Occupational therapy: specific strategies and equipment as advised by the Occupational Therapist. Trips to local café: opportunities to consolidate self-feeding skills in a different environment. Trips to Tesco: experiencing and responding to different tastes and smells (fruit, vegetables, spices).
Relationships & Others: Pupils will be able to use of intentional communication (eye contact, AAC, gesture etc) in order to initiate and continue interactions and games with familiar adults. Pupils will show responses to familiar peers in their vicinity, or in shared games such as parachute, Bucket Time and drama games.	 Intensive interaction opportunities throughout the day Drama games, bucket time and other activities to enable shared, positive experiences with a peer(s). Sensory room: intensive interaction opportunities Outside play: intensive interaction, opportunities to interact with children and staff outside of their class Massage stories and use of positive touch to support children in forming relationships with staff Building trust through self care activities Community/Specialist provision: Community trips (places of worship, library, shop, gym): opportunities to interact with new people, and explore a range of sensory experiences with support of a familiar adult.

Feelings, Behaviours & Morals:	Key Strategies and types of resources:
Pupils can be comforted by familiar adults, and are beginning to self-soothe with support (using a chew buddy, responding positively to a sensory circuit). Pupils will become more confident in exploring new places, people and activities, with the support of a familiar person.	 PD sessions: sensory breaks (trampette, physio balls, lycra) to support emotional self-regulation Sensory room: sensory breaks to support emotional self-regulation Outside play: sensory breaks (trampoline, running, swing) to support emotional self-regulation Objects of reference for children to anticipate transitions around the school Sensory circuits throughout the day as needed to support emotional self-regulation and alertness Behaviour plans and strategies as needed (chew buddy, weighted jacket, calm down toys) Use of physical contact and positive touch as a way of offering comfort when needed eg Story Massage Intensive interaction opportunities across the day, to encourage the formation of positive and trusting relationships with staff Adults naming emotions and using corresponding sign and visual Community/Specialist provision: Community trips (places of worship, library, shop, gym): opportunities to transition to new environments and manage their behaviour, with support, in different contexts.
Discover curriculum (linked to branches 5-7) By the end of this	Key Strategies and types of resources:
curriculum pathway, pupils will be able to Self Care & Independence Pupils will be able to use cutlery appropriately, in order to feed themselves with more independence.	 Specialist equipment for feeding and dressing (wide-handled cutlery, adapted knifes). Backward chaining: adults to scaffold support to allow pupils to complete the final step of the task independently (putting shoes on independently, putting on and fastening coat, tooth brushing).

Pupils will complete hand-washing and toothbrushing routines with increasing independence (turning taps on and off etc). Pupils will be more independent in their dressing skills, such as fastening large buttons and putting on a coat fully.	 Snack and dinner time: children to prepare snack by chopping fruits and laying table. Lunch: children to be more active in the feeding process (clearing plate after dinner, cutting food with a knife) and be encouraged to try a range of foods. Cooking: opportunities for children to participate in preparing healthy recipes, using tools and completing actions with more independence. Role-play: opportunities for fine-motor development necessary for self-help skills (dressing dolls, shop, hospital, beauty salon). Sensory eating group: opportunities for children with limited diets to explore different foods in a low pressure, play-based environment. Community/Specialist provision: Trips to the local café: opportunities to practise self-feeding in a different context. Trips to Tesco: opportunities to name, taste and buy different fruits and vegetables Community trips: opportunities to request and use the toilet in different environments
 Relationships & Others Pupils show an awareness of others in play, by beginning to copy actions or share resources. Pupils engage in role play, alongside adults and peers. Pupils can engage in self-led play for an increasing duration, and are confident in expressing their likes and dislikes. Pupils show affection towards people they care about, can turn-take for a sustained period, and wish to share their experiences with others. 	 Key Strategies and types of resources: Parallel play opportunities throughout the day (role play, cooperative games). A range of open-ended play opportunities available throughout the day (deconstructed role-play, heuristic play, sand and water play etc). Soft play: parallel play opportunities and shared games (throwing balls to a peer, taking turns through the tunnel).

	 Outdoor play areas: parallel play opportunities and shared games (chase, hide and seek, follow the leader) Role play: opportunities for parallel play (dressing dolls, shop, hospital, beauty salon). Movement: small group activities to encourage collaborative play and shared enjoyment with peers. Music: small group activities to encourage collaborative play and shared enjoyment with peers. Book corner: books containing photos of themselves, their peers and families, to encourage discussion about their relationships with others Use of role play room to promote real-world play. Community/Specialist provision: Sprowston Library: sharing stories, interacting with children in the community and talking about the emotions of characters. Links with mainstream classes
Feelings, Behaviours & Morals Pupils can follow some routines with support, such as the use of a Now and Next board, tidying up, sharing and taking turns. Pupils are able to express their emotions and have an awareness that their actions can hurt others.	 Key Strategies and types of resources: Symbols for children to anticipate transitions around the school Sensory circuits throughout the day (soft play, outdoor play, calm room), with children being more active in requesting a break when needed. Behaviour plans and strategies as needed (Now/Next board, visual timetable, sand timers) Social stories to support children in managing behaviours, and individualised to suit their needs (visiting the dentist, finishing an activity, sharing, how to deal with anger). Turn-taking games and play-based set ups to encourage sharing resources and finishing their turn appropriately

	 Heuristic play - focus on tidying away, following instructions and sharing resources with peers. Community/Specialist provision: Focused PSED group, using Zones of Regulation, exploring different emotions (anger, sadness, fear) and explanations for these through role-play and social stories. Trips in the local community: opportunities for children to practise following familiar rules and routines in different contexts and environments (road safety, appropriate greetings).
 Investigate curriculum (linked to branches 8+) By the end of this curriculum pathway, pupils will be able to Self Care & Independence Pupils are able to complete more complex selfcare tasks, such as fastenings on clothing and chopping harder foods. Pupils understand and follow appropriate hygiene routines around hand washing and food preparation. Pupils have bladder and bowel control, and are able to use the toilet more consistently where appropriate. Pupils understand how to keep themselves safe in the community, and in different contexts. 	 Key Strategies and types of resources: Backward chaining for more complex tasks; (cutting an apple, peeling an orange, tying shoelaces) Symbol sequencing boards for tasks with multiple steps (handwashing, toileting, following a simple recipe). Role-play: opportunities for children to develop fine motor skills necessary for self-help tasks (dressing dolls with more complex fastenings, shop, hospital, beauty salon). Snack and lunch time: children to prepare snack by peeling and chopping fruits, preparing drinks, and laying table. Children to be encouraged to discuss healthy food choices. Cooking: following simple recipes with visual support, showing good hygiene throughout the cooking process by washing hands, chopping a range of hard foods using adapted knives.
	 Community/Specialist provision: Community outings: showing good road safety awareness during transitions, and completing some simple, functional tasks with

	 reduced support (using a bus pass, buying shopping at the till, following a shopping list). Links with local care home: opportunities for children to practise safe food preparation guidelines in a different context, and make healthy food choices.
Relationships & Others Pupils extend their play successfully to include other people and larger groups, and are able to initiate, turn-take and compromise in their play. Pupils are able to confidently ask for help when required. Pupils are able to discuss what they like about themselves, and other people.	 Key Strategies and types of resources: Parallel play opportunities throughout the day (role-play, cooperative games, team games). A range of open-ended play opportunities available throughout the day to encourage self-led play and autonomy (deconstructed role-play, heuristic play, sand and water play etc). Outdoor play areas: opportunities for children to initiate and lead team games with other peers (chase, hide and seek), opportunities to compromise over motivating equipment (negotiating and taking turns with the bikes). Role-play: opportunities for children to initiate play with others (shop, hospital, beauty salon). Sabotaged environments in which children are encouraged to ask for help. PE: opportunities for team-based games and sports to encourage turn-taking and teamwork Community/Specialist provision: Links with mainstream classes: opportunities for children to initiate and participate in play alongside peers with a similar level of play-skills. Consolidating in the community suitable greetings with less familiar adults and children

See KS1 National Curriculum	See Sprowston Infant School KS1 Curriculum Documents for PSED
 Building Relationships Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs. 	
 Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience, and perseverance in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices. 	